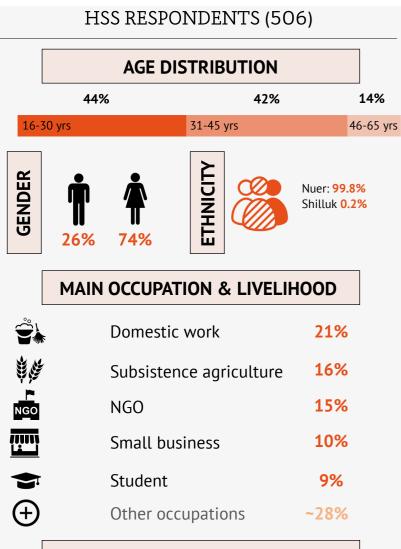
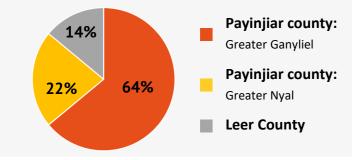


Human Security Survey South Sudan

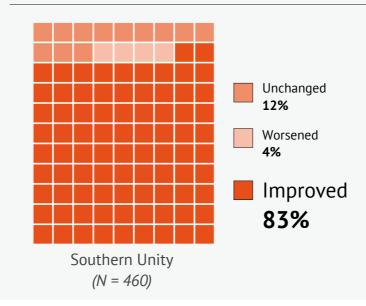
Southern Unity State – June 2023



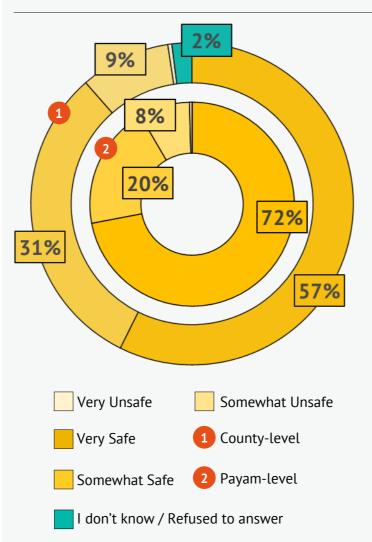
LOCATION DISTRIBUTION



HOW DID YOUR PERSONAL SECURITY SITUATION CHANGE SINCE LAST YEAR?



HOW DO YOU PERCEIVE YOUR COUNTY/PAYAM IN TERMS OF SAFETY?



WITH WHICH STATEMENT DO YOU AGREE MOST?

People need arms to provide their own security

It is best when **security forces** are recruited from within our own community

> Tribalism has **little to no impact** 69% on security in this community

Dispute resolution between communities is best handled by 68% local elders or chiefs

57.8%

Households reported at least one security threat in the previous year

MOST FREQUENTLY REPORTED INCIDENTS

(percentage of all 266 households reporting a total of 648 incidents)

3	Robbery	14%
Ø	Forced marriage	13%
- TIME	Drug abuse	13%
	Cattle raiding	12%
f A	Assault	10%
Í	Forced recruitment	9%
*My	Killing	8%
	Other incidents	~21%

The percentage of households reporting incidents has increased since the previous survey round in 2022 [54%]. Total incidents reported have alternatively decreased by 16.3% [126 less].

20%	78%	Civilian disarmament is needed for security
30%	67%	It is best when security forces are recrui- ted from outside our own community
69%	25%	Tribalism has a big impact on security in this community
68%	31%	Dispute resolution between communities is best handled by the state court system





64.5%^{*}

Households did not make contact with someone / ask for help about at least one security threat in the previous year

41.3%

<u>Security incidents/threats</u> were **not reported** in the previous year

83.1%

Households were satisfied with the resolution to their security incident/threat

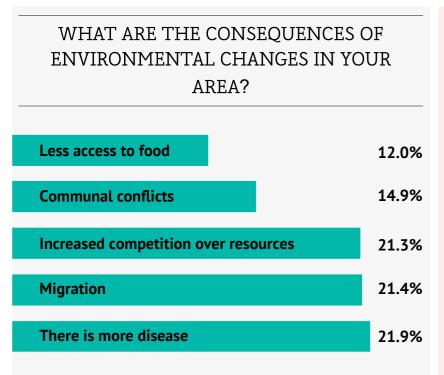


Security incidents/threats did not lead to satisfaction as a result of the perpetrator not being caught



Human Security Survey South Sudan

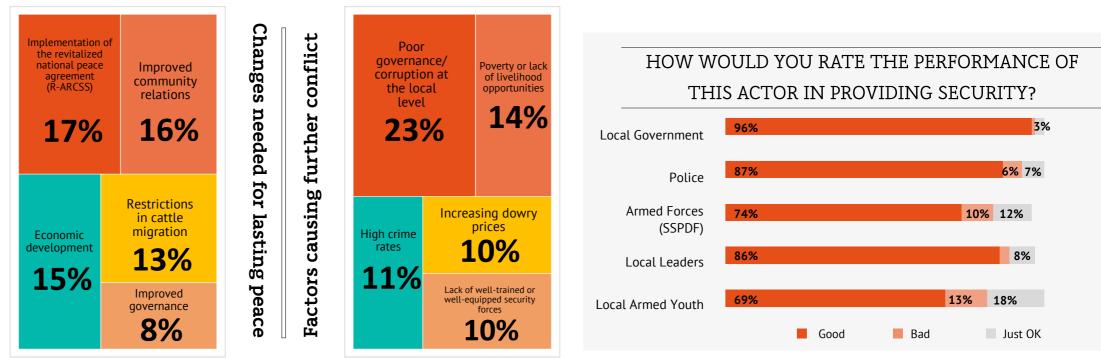
Southern Unity State – June 2023



Do not feel safe from violence and crime in their community

Do not trust local armed youth more than external actors for security provision in their payam

Think that aquiring new weapons in their payam is **difficult**

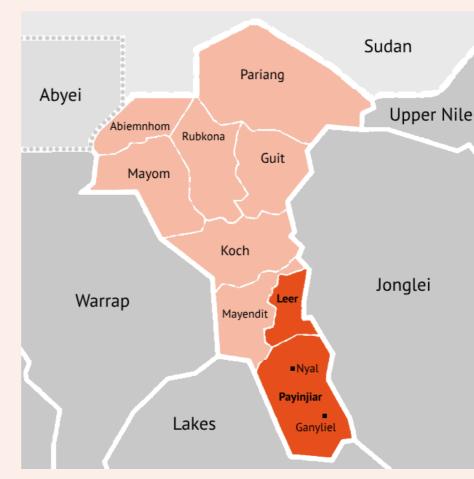


HUMAN SECURITY SURVEY METHODOLOGY

During 3 weeks in June 2023, 14 enumerators conducted 460 face-toface interviews using a standardized survey script across 2 counties of Southern Unity (Payinjiar County, Leer County), and two distinct areas of Payinjiar County (Greater Ganyliel, Greater Nyal).

PAX will engage further with representatives from Payinjiar and Leer counties to present, validate and discuss the survey results, in order to formulate an action plan to improve the local security situation.

For more details on how HSS data is collected and analyzed, view our methodological note.



Right: Map of Unity State, highlighting the areas surveyed in 2023. Disclaimer: These maps are intended for illustrative purposes only and do not warrant accuracy or completeness, nor do they imply the expression of any opinion by PAX.





Find it important for civilians to meet with local government and organized forces to advocate for better protection in their community





The Human Security Survey

(HSS) is a methodology developed by PAX to collect data and facilitate dialogue about civilians' experiences in conflict situations.

Read more about PAX or the HSS in South Sudan on protectionofcivilians.org or contact Anton Quist (quist@paxforpeace.nl).

Find more HSS data on our interactive dashboards of Irag and South Sudan.

