

Human Security Survey South Sudan

Eastern Equatoria State - June 2022





Think that poverty is the most likely factor to cause further conflict in the next year





least one security threat in

MOST FREQUENTLY REPORTED INCIDENTS

26%	Robbery	
15%	Killing	
15%	Cattle raiding	
12%	Physical assault	
9%	Kidnapping	

WITH WHICH STATEMENT DO YOU AGREE MOST?

40%	People need arms to provide their own security
61%	My community relies on local armed youth to provide protection and security
45%	Tribalism has little to no impact on security in this community
88%	Dispute resolution between communities is best handled by local elders or chiefs
E PER	HOW WOULD YOU RATE TH
ING S	THIS ACTOR IN PROVID
	Local armed youth 85%



WHAT ARE THE MOST SIGNIFICANT CHANGES NEEDED TO BRING LASTING PEACE TO SOUTH SUDAN?



57%	Civilian disarmament is needed for security
31%	My community relies on police presence to provide security
46%	Tribalism has a big impact on security in this community
11%	Dispute resolution between communities is best handled by the state court system



Notice less access to food due to environmental changes





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Perceive their living environment as (very) safe





Sought assistance from formal security forces

Sought assistance from informal security forces

Traveled less frequently outside of the home

Migrated, fled, sent household members to safer areas

> Stopped working or attending school





Think the national government is taking effective steps to reduce violence in their community

Trust local armed youth more for their security than actors from outside their payam



Think UNMISS is actively assisting the government to protect people in their community

9%

HUMAN SECURITY SURVEY METHODOLOGY

During 3 weeks in June 2022, 14 enumerators conducted 492 face-to-face interviews across 2 counties of Eastern Equatoria State using a standardized survey script. For more details on how HSS data is collected and analyzed, view our methodological note.

PAX will return to Eastern Equatoria for a data presentation and community dialogue meeting to formulate an action plan to improve the local security situation.





Left: Map of South Sudan. Right: Map of Payinjiar County, highlighting the areas surveyed in 2022. Disclaimer: These maps are intended for illustrative purposes only and do not warrant accuracy or completeness, nor do they imply the expression of any opinion by PAX.



Find it important for civilians to meet with local government and organized forces to advocate for better protection in their community



HAVE YOU DONE THINGS TO PROTECT YOURSELF AS A RESULT OF INSECURITY?





The Human Security Survey

(HSS) is a methodology developed by PAX to collect data and facilitate dialogue about civilians' experiences in conflict situations.

Read more about PAX or the HSS in South Sudan on protectionofcivilians.org or contact Anton Quist (quist@paxforpeace.nl).

Find more HSS data on our interactive dashboards of Irag and South Sudan.

