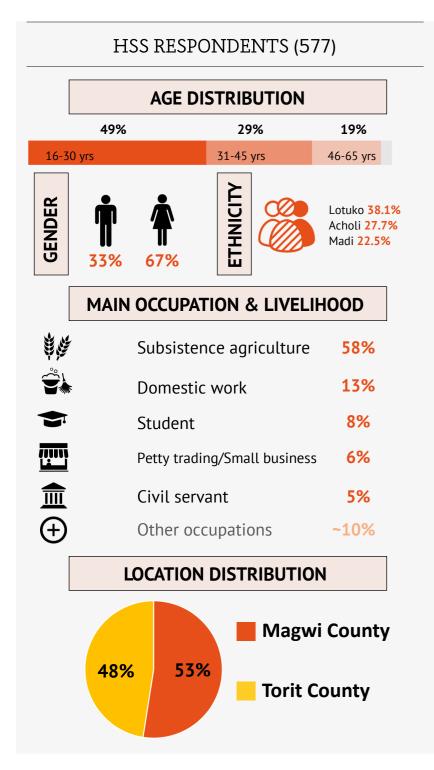


Human Security Survey South Sudan

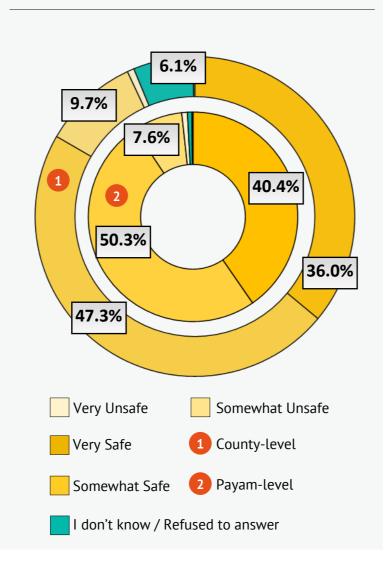
Eastern Equatoria State October 2023



HOW DID YOUR PERSONAL SECURITY SITUATION CHANGE SINCE LAST YEAR? Unchanged Worsened **Improved** 67% Eastern Equatoria State

HOW DO YOU PERCEIVE YOUR COUNTY/PAYAM IN TERMS OF SAFETY?

(N = 577)



WITH WHICH STATEMENT DO YOU AGREE MOST?

People need arms to provide their own security	37%	54%	Civilian disarmament is needed for security
It is best when security forces are recruited from within our own community	63%	30%	It is best when security forces are recruited from outside our own community
Tribalism has little to no impact on security in this community	29%	65%	Tribalism has a big impact on security in this community
Dispute resolution between communities is best handled by local elders or chiefs	72%	26%	Dispute resolution between communities is best handled by the state court system

least one security threat in the provious year

Households reported at

MOST FREQUENTLY REPORTED INCIDENTS

(percentage of all 577 households reporting a total of 441 incidents)

30%	Robbery	76
15%	Assault	दिंदी
13%	Drug abuse	- Indie
9%	Imprisonment	
6%	Kidnapping	
5%	Cattle raiding	
5%	Killing	My
5%	Forced marriage	
4%	Forced recruitment	My
4%	Suicide	5 8
~5%	Other incidents	

49%



Households did not make contact with someone / ask for help about at least one security threat in the previous year



Security incidents/threats were not reported in the previous year



Households were satisfied with the resolution to their security incident/threat



Security incidents/threats did not lead to satisfaction mainly as a result of the perpetrator not being caught or not being punished



Human Security Survey South Sudan

Eastern Equatoria State October 2023

> WHAT ARE THE CONSEQUENCES OF ENVIRONMENTAL CHANGES IN YOUR AREA?

More communal conflicts

9.4%

Increased migration

13.4%

Increased competition over resources

18.7%

More diseases among people/livestock

21.8%

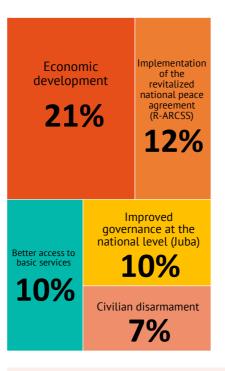
Less access to food

28.0%

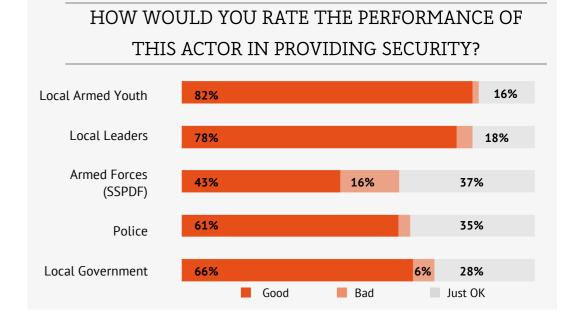
Think that training communities on how to adapt to environmental changes is the best approach

Trust local armed youth to provide **security** in their community more than external security actors

Think that aquiring new weapons in their payam is difficult



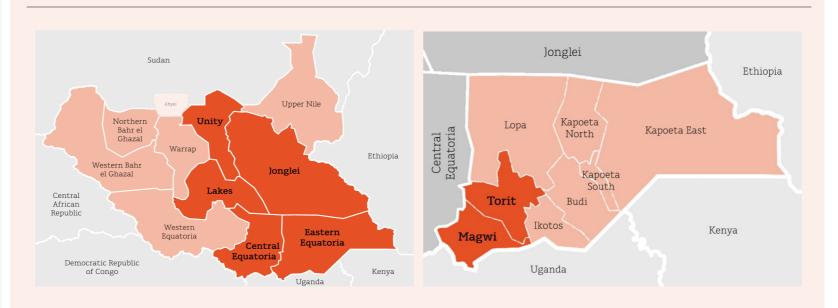




HUMAN SECURITY SURVEY METHODOLOGY

Competition over resources

9%



During 3 weeks in October 2023, 14 enumerators conducted 577 face-to-face interviews using a standardized survey script across 2 counties of Eastern Equatoria State (Magwi County, Torit County).

PAX will engage further with representatives from Magwi and Torit counties to present, validate and discuss the survey results, in order to formulate an action plan to improve the local security situation.

For more details on how HSS data is collected and analyzed, view our <u>methodological note</u>.

Left: Map of South Sudan highlighting areas in which PAX operates. Right: Map of Eastern Equatoria State, highlighting the areas surveyed in 2023. Disclaimer: These maps are intended for illustrative purposes only and do not warrant accuracy or completeness, nor do they imply the expression of any opinion by PAX.



Find it important for civilians to meet with local government and organized forces to advocate for better protection in their community





The **Human Security Survey**

(HSS) is a methodology developed by PAX to collect data and facilitate dialogue about civilians' experiences in conflict situations.

Read more about PAX or the HSS in South Sudan on protectionofcivilians.org or contact Anton Quist (quist@paxforpeace.nl).

Find more HSS data on our interactive dashboards of Iraq and South Sudan.

